

COST Action CA18111 "Genome Editing in Plants"

Book of Abstracts

3rd PlantEd conference

5 – 7 September 2022 Düsseldorf, Germany

Sponsoring:





Logistics note

LOCAL ORGANIZERS



CEPLAS

Heinrich-Heine-University: Dr. Götz Hensel

Cluster of Excellence on Plant Sciences Brigitte Haumann

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INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZERS

International organizer contact persons:

Dennis Eriksson E-mail: <u>Dennis.Eriksson@slu.se</u>









PEAN COOPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOG

Conference Program

3rd PlantEd conference

Dusseldorf, Germany – September 5-7, 2022

Monday September 5, 2022

Session Chair – Dennis Eriksson – Lecture Hall 6L

Welcome Local Organizer Götz Hensel; HHU Dusseldorf/Germany

	09:00-09:15	Welcome Dean Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences Peter Kleinebudde ; HHU Dusseldorf/Germany Welcome COST Action Chair Dennis Eriksson
	09:15-09:40	Keynote Andreas PM Weber; HHU Dusseldorf/Germany Tackling grand challenges with plant sciences
cal advances	09:40-10:20	Keynote Jens Boch ; Hannover/Germany TALEs, TALEN and TALE-base editors - tools, techniques and applications
	10:20-10:50	Coffee break – Botanical Garden
	10:50-11:10	lan Godwin; QAAFI Centre for Crop Science/Australia Editing the way to resilient high-value cereals
	11:10-11:30	Uriel Urquiza-Garcia, HHU Dusseldorf/Germany Biodesign automation for optimal assembly of polycistronic sgRNAs and crRNAs
	11:30-11:50	Sruthy Maria Augustine; Department of Plant Breeding, Giessen/Germany Genome editing for crop improvement
golo	11:50-12:10	Sadiye Hayta; John Innes Centre, Norwich/UK Genotype Independent Wheat Transformation with GRF—GIF Protein Fusion
What do we know? – Technological advances	12:10-12:30	José Hernandes-Lopes; Universidade Estadual de Campinas/Brazil Unlocking the genome editing potential for maize breeding in the tropics
	12:30-13:30	Lunch – Botanical Garden
	13:30-13:50	Jan Schaart; Wageningen University and Research, Wageningen/The Netherlands Which Cas-enzymes work best for induction of targeted mutations?
	13:50-14:10	Virginia Zahn; Thünen Institute of Forest Genetics, Grosshansdorf/Germany Combining bacterial and viral elements for efficient gene targeting in poplar
	14:10-14:30	Mark Smedley; John Innes Centre, Norwich/UK Deploying CRISPR-Cas tools to design targeted mutagenesis in wheat
	14:30-14:50	Evelien Waegneer; Institute of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food Research, Melle/Belgium CRISPR and natural variation: complementary approaches for Cichorium haploid induction
	14:50-15:10	Jillis Grubben; Wageningen University and Research, Wageningen/The Netherlands Inducing kilobase to mega base-sized inversions in tomato using CRISPR/Cas9: The larger, the rarer?
	15:10-15:30	Teodoro Cardi ; National Research Council, Institute of Biosciences and Bioresources, Portici/Italy Modification of potato mitochondrial DNA through mito-TALEN and targeted base editing
	15:30-16:00	Coffee break – Botanical Garden
	16:00-18:00	PlantEd Working Group meetings (WG1-WG5)

18:30-22:00 Social dinner – Botanical Garden

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Tuesday September 6, 2022

Session Chair – Katrijn Van Laere – Lecture Hall 6L

09:00-09:40	Keynote Rene Smulders; Wageningen University & Research, Plant Breeding, Wageningen/The Netherlands Applications of new genomic techniques in plant breeding
09:40-10:20	Keynote Matin Qaim ; Center for Development Research (ZEF), Bonn/Germany Possible socioeconomic implications of plant genome editing
10:20-10:50	Coffee break – Botanical Garden
10:50-11:10	Cintia Marchetti ; Czech Advanced Technology and Research Institute (CATRIN), Palacký University, Olomouc, Czechia Using CRISPR-Cas9 to study and modify root system architecture in barley (Hordeum vulgare L.)
11:10-11:30	Angelo Santino; Institute of Sciences of Food Production, Lecce/Italy CRISPR/Cas9 mediated genome editing to develop Vitamin D-biofortified tomatoes
11:30-11:50	Per Hofvander ; Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Plant Breeding, Alnarp/Sweden Trait development for unique starch quality in potato by multiallelic, multigene CRISPR-Cas9 mutagenesis
11:50-12:10	Musa Kavas; Ondokuz Mayıs University, Samsun/Turkiye Application of genom-editing in tomato
12:10-12:30	Mahdi Morad Pour; Tallinn University of Technology, Tallinn/Estonia DNA-Free Transcriptional Activation of Heat Stress-Responsive Genes in Red Cabbage using CRISPR/dCas9 Ribonucleoprotein Activators to Enhance Heat Tolerance
12:30-13:30	Lunch – Botanical Garden
13:30-13:50	Alexander Fendel; Thünen Institute of Forest Genetics, Grosshansdorf/Germany Improvement of drought stress tolerance in poplars (Populus) by modification of candidate genes
13:50-14:10	Jeny Jose; Centre for Agricultural Research, Martonvásár/Hungary Harnessing S-gene candidates for conferring resistance against Ralstonia solanacearum in potato
14:10-14:30	Loredana Moffa; Research Centre for Viticulture and Enology, Conegliano/Italy New Plant Breeding Techniques to enhance grapevine sustainability
14:30-14:50	Kyoka Kuroiwa ; INRAE Avignon, Avignon/France An iterative gene editing strategy broadens eIF4E1 genetic diversity in Solanum lycopersicum, triggering resistance to several potyvirus isolates
14:50-15:10	Allah Bakhsh; Centre of Excellence in Molecular Biology, Lahore/Pakistan Addressing cold induced sweetening of potato through knock out of vacuolar invertase gene
15:10-15:40	Coffee break – Botanical Garden
15:40-16:25	Keynote Thomas Jacobs ; VIB, University of Gent, Center for Plant Systems Biology, Gent/Belgium Systematic optimization and development of plant genome editing techniques
16:30-18:15	MC meeting

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Wednesday September 7, 2022

Session Chair – Götz Hensel – Lecture Hall 6L

What do we think?	 – GE perception 	09:00-09:45	Keynote Gabi Waldhof ; Leibniz Institute of Agricultural Development in Transition Economies (IAMO), Halle/Germany A Message of Hope? – Mitigating Polarization of Moral Debates about Genetic Engineering
		09:40-10:30	Keynote Ewa Woźniak-Gientka; Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry, Polish Academy of Sciences, Poznan/Poland Public perception of plant gene technologies worldwide in the light of food security
		10:30-10:50	Ayrton André Rosado Huaynasi; KU Leuven, Leuven/Belgium Interpreting Precision Breeding: Key legal concepts under international law and current domestic regulatory approaches
		10:50-11:15	Coffee break – Botanical Garden

11:15-11:45

Ruth Fisher; F1000

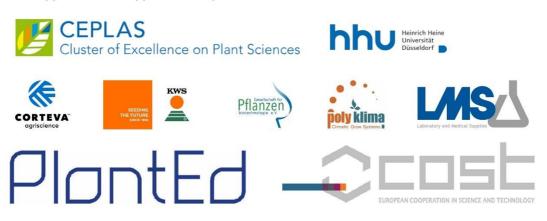
Session Chair – Vladislava Galovic – Lecture Hall 6L

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STSM Session	11:45-12:00	Aurelia Scarano; CNR, Institute of Science of Food Production, Lecce/Italy CRISPR/Cas9-mediated genome editing for Vitamin D biofortification in Solanaceous species
	12:00-12:15	Pouneh Pouramini ; University of Osnabrueck, Osnabrueck/Germany Increased recombinant protein accumulation by targeted mutagenesis of HorB1 using CRISPR/Cas technology
	12:15-12:30	Tetiana Kyrpa ; Institute of Cell Biology and Genetic Engineering of NASU, Kyiv/Ukraine Potato gene editing for improved pathogen resistance
	12:30-12:45	Alessia Cuccurullo; Italy Characterization of root architecture and of interactions with AM fungi of tomato edited lines for the strigolactone biosynthesis
	12:45-13:00	Poster prizes

13:00-14:00 Lunch – Botanical Garden

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Abstracts



Poster 12

<u>Ankica Kondić-Špika</u>, Dragana Miladinović, Ana Marjanović Jeromela, Dragana Trkulja, Svetlana Glogovac

Institute of Field and Vegetable Crops, Novi Sad, Serbia

Genome Editing and Machine Learning Models – Promissing Tools for Precision Breeding in Wheat

Wheat is a cool season crop and its optimal daytime growing temperature during reproductive development is 15°C and for every degree Celsius above this optimum a reduction in yield has been observed. Furthermore, at different growth stages, abiotic stresses can impact different physiological processes and as a consequence different yield components that are being set at that stage, reducing yield potential. Having that in mind, we evaluated the effect of individual stresses such as: heat, drought, salt etc., as well as their combined effects (salt and N nutrition, heat and drought, etc.) on winter wheat both at cellular and plant level under controlled laboratory conditions and in a greenhouse. The genotypes, identified in these studies as potential sources of drought and other abiotic stresses tolerance (NS 40S, NS Avangarda, Subotičanka) are to be further investigated and used for the improvement of wheat production in unfavourable conditions caused by climate change. For that purpose combination of prediction models based on machine learning (ML), advanced molecular techniques and genome editing will be used for target gene identification and introgression. In initial steps, machine learning models will be used for prediction of future climate scenarios and to select a set of traits that wheat may need to cope with changes in the environment and enable stable food production. In genome editing experiments ML will be used to reduce need for the experimental screening of potential sites to optimise Cas9's activity as well as for prediction of possible off-target mutations, thus increasing the efficiency of targeted wheat improvement. This combinatory approach to wheat improvement should enable more rapid gene/trait discovery and their incorporation in cultivated varieties, thus contributing to overall resilience of wheat production and related agri-food systems.

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