







# **International Conference**

# The Frontiers of Science and Technology in Crop Breeding and Production Conference

8 – 9 June, 2021 Belgrade, Serbia



The Frontiers of Science and Technology in Crop Breeding and Production Conference - Book of Abstracts

# **BOOK OF ABSTRACTS**

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June 8, 2021		
9:00 - 9:20	Dr. Nenad Delić	
	<b>Conference opening remarks</b>	
	Genetic resources and pre-breeding	
9:20 - 9:40	Dr. Alain Charcosset	
	Advances in maize genetic resources	
	characterisation and use	
9:40 - 9:55	Dr. Vlatko Galić	
	Diversity patterns and selective sweeps in Southeast	
	European maize genetic resources	
9:55 - 10:10	Dr. Natalija Kravić	
	Pre-breeding activities on MRIZP Gene bank collection towards its more efficient use in breeding programmes	
10:10 - 10:25	Dr. Nikola Grčić	
	Historical development and diversity characterization of ZP breeding germplasm	
10:25 - 10:40	Dr. Vesna Perić	
	Genetic diversity of soybean accessions in Maize	
	Research Institute "Zemun Polje" collection	
Discussion		
Abiotic and biotic stress		

# **Conference Programme**

11:30 - 11:50	Dr. Pedro Revilla
	Breeding Mediterranean maize for drought
	tolerance
11:50 - 12:10	Dr. Dragan Perović
	Comparative genomics of cereals as backbone of
	molecular breeding to biotic and abiotic stresses in
	wheat and barley
12:10 - 12:25	Dr. Ana Nikolić
	Understanding low- temperature and waterlogging
	stressimpact on early stages of maize plant
	development
12:25 - 12:45	Dr. Antonio Logrieco
	Mycotoxin management along food/feed chain:
	MycoKey actions
12:45 - 13:00	Dr. Milica Nikolić
	Effects of climate changes on mycopopulations in

cereal grain in Serbia		
Dr. Željko Popović		
Not just a pest: Ostrinia nubilalis– A Model system		
for studying ecophysiology of insect diapause		
Discussion		

**Genetics and breeding** 

Genetics and Dreeding	
16:00 - 16:20	Dr. Paul Scott
	Using gametophytic incompatibility systems to
	improve genetic purity of specialty crops
16:20 - 16:40	Dr. Thanda Dhliwayo
	Use of temperate germplasm in a tropical maize
	breeding program: Rationale and some results
16:40 - 17:00	Prof. Dr. Thomas Lübberstedt
	Past, present and future of maize doubled haploid
	technology
17:00 - 17:20	Prof. Dr. Seth Murray
	Unoccupied aerial systems temporal phenotyping
	and phenomic selection for maize breeding and
	genetics
17:20 - 17:40	Dr. Radomir Stojšin
	Breeding for Short Stature Maize

### Discussion

### June 9, 2021

June 9, 2021	Consting and breading
Genetics and breeding	
9:00 - 9:20	Dr. Lee Hickey
	Speed breeding crops to feed 10 billion
9:20 - 9:35	Dr. Primož Titan
	Conditional chemical male sterility system and
	common wheat (Triticum aestivum L.)
9:35 - 9:50	Dr. Vesna Kandić
	Evaluation of bread wheat genotypes (Triticum
	aestivum L.) for root architecture and shoot traits
9:50 - 10:10	Dr. Goran Drinić
	Utilizing technological advances to improve and
	accelerate genetic gain
10:10 - 10:25	Dr. Sofija Božinović
	Optimization of the double haploid technology for
	temperate maize breeding programs: A case study
	from Maize Research Institute Zemun Polje
10:25 - 10:45	Prof. Dr. Johann Vollmann

### 01 - 08 Poster

### EVALUATION OF WINTER WHEAT VARIETIES FROM CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE FOR IMPORTANT AGRONOMIC TRAITS

Sanja Mikić<sup>1</sup>\*, Verica Takač<sup>1</sup>, Dragana Trkulja<sup>1</sup>, Ankica Kondić Špika<sup>1</sup>, Nataša Buha<sup>1</sup>, Milan Mirosavljević<sup>1</sup>, Heinrich Grausgruber<sup>2</sup>

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Different wheat germplasm exploited in breeding programmes in continental Europe and Pannonian region reflects specific breeding requirements in distinctive environmental conditions. In order to evaluate a potential of locally bred and grown wheat varieties from central Europe, as a source of new genetic variability in a wheat breeding programme in Serbia, 42 elite winter wheat representatives of two different European breeding pools were assessed at the Institute of Field and Vegetable Crops (IFVNC), Novi Sad, Serbia. A field trial with 20 elite wheat varieties was set at the IFVNC in a randomized complete block design with three replications during three seasons (2016/2017, 2017/2018 and 2018/2019). The genotypes were phenotyped for heading and flowering time, plant height, ear length, number of spikelets per spike, number of grains per spike, thousand grain weight, yield, protein content, chlorophyll content index and prevalent wheat diseases. In addition, the varieties were genotyped with microsatellite markers. A significant phenotypic variation was found for most of the traits. Coefficients of variation were the largest for the chlorophyll content (26.1%), while the coefficients of variation for yield was 14.2%. Generally, the early genotypes were more susceptible to leaf rust, while the late maturing genotypes produced more grains per spike. The varieties from the Pannonian plain had earlier heading and flowering dates, shorter plant stems, higher chlorophyll content and were more susceptible to leaf rust than the genotypes from the central Europe. The protein content varied significantly among the genotypes but not between the groups. The varieties from two breeding pools were clearly differentiated with principal coordinate analysis (PCoA) obtained from the marker data matrix. The principal component analysis (PCA) highlighted varieties

with the distinctive properties that could facilitate the choice of parent combinations for crossing.

Key words: genetic diversity, grain yield, microsatellites, wheat.

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